

Engineering Recommendation C98
Issue 1 2013

Physical Protection of Cables Crossing Bridges

PUBLISHING AND COPYRIGHT INFORMATION

© 2013 Energy Networks Association

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written consent of Energy Networks Association. Specific enquiries concerning this document should be addressed to:

Operations Directorate
Energy Networks Association
6th Floor, Dean Bradley House
52 Horseferry Rd
London
SW1P 2AF

This document has been prepared for use by members of the Energy Networks Association to take account of the conditions which apply to them. Advice should be taken from an appropriately qualified engineer on the suitability of this document for any other purpose.

First published, March, 2013

Amendments since publication

Issue	Date	Amendment

Contents

Fo	reword	d	6			
Inti	roducti	ion	7			
1	Scop	e				
2	Norm	native references				
3	Term	ns and definitions				
4						
	4.1	Types of Physical Protection				
	4.2	Cable Ducts				
		4.2.1 General				
		4.2.2 Installation	8			
	4.3	Steel Pipes	9			
		4.3.1 General				
		4.3.2 Installation	9			
	4.4	Steel Plates	10			
	4.5	Concrete Slabs or Arches	10			
	4.6	Troughs or Other Containment	10			
	4.7	Considerations for Long Bridges	10			
	4.8	Electromagnetic Shielding	11			
	4.9	Examples	11			
5	Current Rating of Cables on Bridges					
	5.1	General				
	5.2	Shallow Burial – Cable Ducts	12			
		5.2.1 Simplified Ratings Solutions	12			
		5.2.2 Example	13			
	5.3	Shallow Burial – Steel Pipes				
		5.3.1 Simplified Ratings Solutions	14			
		5.3.2 Example	16			
	5.4	Plastic Ducts Attached to Outside of Parapet	19			
		5.4.1 Simplified Ratings Solutions	19			
		5.4.2 Example				
	5.5	Plastic Ducts Attached to Underside of Bridge				
		5.5.1 Simplified Ratings Solutions				
		5.5.2 Example				
	5.6	Troughs and Other Containments				
		5.6.1 Simplified Ratings Solutions				
		5.6.2 Example				
	5.7	Summary of Cable Ratings for Different Scenarios				
	5.8					
Annex A (normative) CRATER for Single Core Polymeric Cables (Bridges)						
	A.1					
	A.2	Cyclic Ratings	27			

A.3	Cable	Characteristics	27
	A.3.1	Cable Type	28
	A.3.2	Conductor Type	28
	A.3.3	Conductor Size	28
	A.3.4	Insulation Type	28
	A.3.5	Polymeric Sheath Type	28
	A.3.6	Screen Area	28
	A.3.7	Bonding Arrangement	29
A.4	Opera	ting Conditions	29
	A.4.1	Environment	29
	A.4.2	Conductor Temperature	29
	A.4.3	Soil or Air Temperature	29
	A.4.4	Soil Thermal Resistivity	
	A.4.5	Shallow Soil Depth	30
	A.4.6	Width of Trough or Conduit	
	A.4.7	Height of Trough or Conduit	30
	A.4.8	Trough or Conduit	
	A.4.9	Trough or Conduit Type	
		Soil Depth Definition	
A.5		Configuration	
A.6		Characteristics	
	A.6.1	Duct Dimensions	
	A.6.2	Duct Type	
	A.6.3	Duct Filling	
	•	ative) Effect of Shallow Burial Depth on Cable Ratings	
Bibliogra	phy		35
Figures			
Figure 1		ample of ducted cables covered by steel plate covering on bridge crossing (burial depth = 125 mm to top surface of ducts)	11
Figure 2		mple of duct within duct configuration for cable circuit crossing a rail oridge	12
Figure 3		ngement of cables in steel pipe	
Figure 4	— Arra	ngement of cables attached to outside of parapet	19
Figure 5	— Arra	ngement of cables attached to underside of bridge	21
Figure 6	— Arra	ngement of cables in containment	22
		le sheet	
Figure A.	2 — Ur	ngrouped sheet with a calculation for a surface trough	27
•	.1 — C	omparison of cable ratings for a range of depths, assuming constant surface temperature (isothermal, FD model and IEC 60287) and variable surface temperature (still air, wind speed 1 m/s and wind speed 10 m/s)	

Tables

Table 1 — Rating of cable circuit in laid flat ducts	14
Table 2 — Rating of one circuit contained within a single shallow buried duct	18
Table 3 — Rating of circuit within compartment (ρ = 1.0 m)	23
Table 4 — Ratings of the 33 kV, 500 mm ² cable circuit for various configurations	25
Table A.1 — Details of in-air environments and configurations	32

ENA Engineering Recommendation C98 Issue 1 2013 Page 6

Foreword

This Engineering Recommendation (EREC) is published by the Energy Networks Association (ENA) and comes into effect from the date of publication. It has been prepared under the authority of the ENA Engineering Policy and Standards Manager and has been approved for publication by the ENA Electricity Networks and Futures Group (ENFG). The approved abbreviated title of this engineering document is "EREC C98".

This is the first issue and does not cancel or replace any other document.

ENA Member Companies on occasions are required to install power cable circuits on bridges. Cables that are laid close to the surface are vulnerable to damage from the passage of heavy traffic. This document sets out recommendations for the physical protection of cables crossing bridges and the associated impact on cable ratings.

This document has been prepared with particular reference to EA Technology Strategic Technology Programme (STP) Report No. S3178_1, *Physical Protection of Cables Crossing Bridges* [N1] authored by Graham J Le Poidevin, which provides information relating to installation of power cables on bridges and for calculating the effect on cable ratings for different installations.

This document is intended for technical staff within ENA Member Companies, who are tasked with developing cable installation practices and for those who carry out cable circuit design and cable rating calculations. This document might also be a useful reference for individuals in ENA Member Companies, who are responsible for installing cable circuits crossing bridges.

Where the term "should" is used in this document it means the provision is a recommendation. The term "may" is used to express permission.

NOTE: Commentary, explanation and general informative material is presented in smaller type, and does not constitute a normative element.

Introduction

Cable circuits crossing motorway, canal and rail bridges often lie close to the surface where they are vulnerable to damage from the passage of heavy traffic. Regulation 14 of the Electricity Safety, Quality and Continuity Regulations (ESQCR) [1] applies to these situations and requires that underground cables are protected to avoid, so far as is reasonably practicable, damage or danger. Advice on suitable types of physical protection in these situations and their effect on cable ratings is limited.

Various methods to protect cable circuits are presented in this document including shallow burial in plastic ducts, shallow burial in steel pipes, additional protection using plates or arches in combination with plastic ducts, attaching ducts to the outside of the bridge parapet or to the underside of the bridge and installation in troughs or Durasteel® containment. These methods of protecting cable circuits will assist with meeting the requirements of Regulation 14 of the ESQCR [1].

In particular, the suitability of using steel pipes to protect cable circuits and the effect on ratings for Medium Voltage (MV) polymeric cables is considered.

1 Scope

This document provides recommendations for suitable physical protection of cable circuits crossing bridges and their effect on cable ratings for different cable installation scenarios together with calculations for Medium Voltage (MV) single core polymeric cables in steel pipes (using CRATER).

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents, in whole or part, are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Standards publications

IEC 60287, Electric cables - Calculation of the current rating

Other publications

[N1] EA Technology Strategic Technology Programme (STP) Report No. S3178_1, *Physical Protection of Cables Crossing Bridges*, September 2011

[N2] EREP 2 Guidance on Security of Substations, Cable Bridges & Cable Tunnels

[N3] ENA ER P17 Part 3, Current ratings for distribution cables. Part 3: Ratings for 11 kV and 33 kV cables having extruded insulation

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 CRATER

Cable Rater software package

3.2 STP

Strategic Technology Programme